

The Intelligencer,

Published Daily, Except Sunday.

TERMS:  
Per Year, by Mail, Postage Prepaid.  
DAILY (SIX DAYS IN THE WEEK).....\$3 00  
DAILY (THREE DAYS IN THE WEEK).....2 75  
DAILY (TWO DAYS IN THE WEEK).....2 50  
DAILY (ONE MONTH).....65  
WEEKLY (ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE).....1 00  
WEEKLY (SIX MONTHS).....60

The Daily Intelligencer is delivered by carrier in Wheeling and adjacent towns at 15 cents per week.

Persons wishing to subscribe to the DAILY INTELLIGENCER can do so by sending in their order to the INTELLIGENCER office on partial order by carrier. They will be punctually served by carrier.

Trials of Respect and Obituary Notices, 50 cents per line.

Correspondence containing important news collected from every part of the surrounding country.

Rejected communications will not be returned unless accompanied by sufficient postage.

INTELLIGENCER PUB. CO.,

PROPRIETORS  
25 AND 27 FOURTEENTH STREET,  
WHEELING.

[The Intelligencer, embracing its several editions, is entered in the Postoffice at Wheeling, W. Va., as second-class matter.]

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:  
Editorial Rooms 833, Counting Room 822.

The Intelligencer

WHEELING, JANUARY 25, 1895.

THE Daily Intelligencer will be sent from now until March 4 for one dollar. If you want to keep posted on the doings of the Legislature send in your dollar at once.

The City Election.

The sweeping victory for the Republican ticket in this city at yesterday's election, is cause for general congratulation. For the first time in many years the Republicans will now have entire control of the city in all its departments.

While the result was not unexpected by those who had carefully watched the trend of events, the handsome majorities, and in some wards the entire wiping out of previous Democratic majorities, came in the way of a pleasant surprise.

In the hour of jubilation over so decided a victory, it is well for the Republicans to remember that there is danger even in success. It should be steadily borne in mind that it is not a partisan victory in the strict sense of the word, but a triumph for those who stand pledged to give the city a safe, business-like, conservative administration of public affairs.

Many citizens who have always affiliated with the Democracy showed their confidence in the ability of the Republican party to carry out these pledges, at the same time voting a lack of confidence in the opposition.

A wise use of power, a care for the best interests of Wheeling, will be followed by another vote of confidence. This course the INTELLIGENCER feels sure will be pursued and the people of the city will not regret their action of yesterday.

The Brooklyn Strike.

The situation of affairs in the city of Brooklyn for several days past has been more serious than was dreamed of at the start of the street car strike. The entire city has been an armed camp and there has been a condition of war, accompanied by the gravest consequences. Blood has been shed and many thousands state troops have found themselves unable to cope with the mob. A statement of the causes of the strike from both sides is thus briefly given:

The strikers demand a working day of ten hours' work in twelve hours' time, at \$2 per day. They are waiting for passengers at beginning and end of trips to count in reckoning ten hours' work. They also ask that the number of extra men who run "trippers," or one-trip cars, at so much a trip, shall be limited, and claim that if this is not done the company will put on a large number of extra men to take the place of regular men at a saving to the company. They also ask for time tables that will not require more than ten miles' speed an hour at all times and under all circumstances. They claim that the company's receipts are more and their expenses less than under the old hour system.

The companies say they are in debt and their business in poor condition; that they have a right to hire as many extra men as they think fit; that they cannot afford to pay men full wages for running "trippers," that the men are told not to run faster than ten miles an hour, and that if they do, the company is not to blame, and that the five minutes' waiting time at the end of each trip, if continued in the reckoning of a ten hours' day, would mean less work from the men and more expense for the companies.

At the outset of the strike public sympathy was largely with the men in their struggle for fair wages. The mayor of the city advocated their cause and even the courts were disposed to do what they could to compel the companies to operate their cars. The newspapers, with scarcely an exception, were friendly to the strikers, and there was little doubt that this combined sentiment would force the employers to a settlement on a fair basis within a reasonable time, if the strikers would keep within the law.

That the strike would have been settled had the men been governed by discretion is now admitted by all. But, as is too often the case, the wise and law-abiding elements were overruled by the hot-headed classes and they and their sympathizers threw away every chance of success by resorting to deeds of lawlessness and violence, and the present turbulent situation is the inevitable result of men being governed by passion rather than wise counsel. Property has been destroyed, lives have been taken, men have been wounded and the safety of peaceable citizens has been jeopardized.

The condition of affairs has developed into another striking object lesson, but will men profit by it? Object lessons like it have been witnessed before, but they have been unheeded. No matter how righteous their cause, or how much public sympathy may be with them in their struggle for living wages, men

must learn that the very moment they resort to illegal acts, the very moment they set at defiance the laws, that moment the issue becomes, not between their employers and themselves, but between them and the law. In this country, in all controversies between citizens, the laws must be respected. The Brooklyn strikers and all other strikers have a right to refuse to work on terms not to their liking, or for wages they believe to be too small, and they have a right to attempt by legitimate means to induce their employers to give them justice, and the law will protect them in those rights. But when, in defiance of other men's rights, they attempt by violence and lawless acts to prevent others from working if they choose, they become law-breakers and must be so treated. The peace of a community must be maintained, property and life must be protected, and the law must be upheld; otherwise we would have anarchy. However just the demand of the Brooklyn strikers, their resort to violent means to carry it out has insured its defeat.

An Infamous Trick.

Only credulous people are affected by campaign roborachs sprung at the last moment to influence votes, and many such were found yesterday who believed the story published by the Register yesterday, to the effect that the Republicans would, in the event of the election of a Republican council, introduce in the legislature a bill amending the Wheeling charter, making a radical change in the system of granting licenses. There was no foundation for the story, as published, and the fact that it appeared on election morning, too late to admit of a correction, should have been sufficient to cause everybody to look upon it with suspicion.

Those who allowed the matter to influence their votes against the Republican ticket now have the satisfaction of knowing that they were too ready to fall into a trap set by scheming and dishonest Democratic politicians and their organ.

The Republican leaders in Wheeling know nothing of such a scheme as that detailed by the Register's sensational editorial; the Republicans at Charleston know nothing of the alleged plan. If such a bill is in existence Republicans do not know of it and the member who would introduce it would do so on his own responsibility. The whole matter, in all probability, originated in the brains of those who sought to accomplish by foul means, what they believed they could not do by fair means—namely, elect a Democratic council.

Such despicable methods, resorted to to deceive voters, deserve the condemnation of all honest men. The fact that they fail of their purpose make them no less reprehensible.

Pattison's Citizenship.

Governor Pattison, who is running as the Democratic candidate for mayor of Philadelphia, is having hard work proving that he is eligible for the place. It comes out that during his residence in Harrisburg as governor he voted there at all elections, thus forfeiting his franchise in Philadelphia. The law requires a mayor to have been a citizen of the city for five years next preceding the date of his election.

In defiance of this express provision of the law and the action of Mr. Pattison in forfeiting his citizenship, he remains on the ticket, and the Democrats are trying to elect him. While the incident is exciting much general interest, it is not likely to affect the result, as Pattison will doubtless poll his full party strength, which will be overwhelmed by the big Republican majority that is assured.

The Register throw off its hypocritical "non-partisan" cloak yesterday long enough to spring a roborach at a time which it knew it would be too late to afford the Republicans time to nail it. It is to be regretted that many who had intended to vote the Republican ticket were taken in by the contemptible trick. The Register's record for resorting to such scurvy methods should have been sufficient to cause them to think twice before believing such a story at so late an hour, but they didn't.

The Register's Charleston man is still exercised regarding the division of Logan county, in which he sees "a Republican partisan scheme." With "Christian regularity," however, he neglects to inform the readers of the Register that the people of Logan, regardless of party, voted for the division, and that the lobby at Charleston, urging the passage of the bill as framed, was composed of Democrats and Republicans. The Register is having up-hill work in its effort to create prejudice.

It is very evident that Senator Martin, of Kansas, was not one of the senators connected with the sugar deal. He will retire from the senate on the 4th of March a poor man, having even lost his home recently by the foreclosure of a mortgage.

The Register will observe that the people voted for a change.

It was a cold day yesterday.

Hon. Stephen B. Elkins.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Sir:—West Virginia, in starting out on her career as a Republican state, is peculiarly fortunate in electing Hon. Stephen B. Elkins as United States senator, a man of commanding ability, a comprehensive knowledge of political affairs and a national reputation. He will place our state on a grand plane among her sister states of the Union.

Mr. Elkins will be a potent champion of "protection." With our four Republican members of the house and Mr. Elkins in the senate, West Virginia will awake from that lethargy which for a quarter of a century has been enforced by Democratic domination, and will go on in that grand career in which she has now made such a grand beginning.

While I am talking in your paper I will say to the Republican legislature that they should be exceedingly cautious. If their actions are characterized by prudence, our victory in

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

November will be fraught with beneficent results, but there is a chance to make it "dead sea fruit." SENEX, Clarkburg, W. Va., Jan. 23.

BREAKFAST BUDGET.

A Louisville man tells of a farmer who has produced a breed of fur-bearing chickens which sport in ice water and cackle briskly in the midst of almost eternal snow. This was accomplished by skin-grafting a selected cock and hen with rabbit skin, half an inch at a time.

About 100 years ago the town of Groton, Conn., separated itself from New London and became a town. Now, after almost 200 years of separation, Groton wishes to again be taken back into the fold and become a part of New London.

Hereafter all telegraph and telephone poles which are erected in the streets of Hartford must be of well seasoned chestnut wood, octagonal in shape, to be painted a dark green uniformly, and not over forty feet in height from the ground.

The smoke from smelting furnaces is laden with metals of value, the most notable of which are gold and silver. At an American smelting works mechanical means are being taken to collect the suspended matter from the gases.

The black ostrich stands seven feet high. The speed is that of a horse, and it can carry a man. The cassowary is as large, but has a shorter neck, and feeds on vegetables.

Russian journals are still in mourning for the czar. They will continue to surround their front pages with a border of black until a year has elapsed from the date of his death.

Advices from Connellsville, Pa., state that the outlook in the coke region for this year is considered bright. In round numbers 6,000,000 tons of coke were produced in 1894.

The first provision for public education in Rhode Island was in 1640, when it was voted that one hundred acres should be laid forth and appropriated for a school.

A Baltimore syndicate contemplates building a system of electric railways to connect a dozen of the largest towns in Central West Virginia.

Major John Gilbert, who was the first man to set type for the Mormon Bible, is very ill in Palmyra, N. Y. He is over ninety years of age.

Another dormitory for women, to bear the name of Mrs. Kate N. Doggett, will be erected on the grounds of the Chicago university.

An eagle with seven feet spread of wings was caught in a wolf trap near Brady Island, Neb., recently.

Japan is almost as large as California, having 147,000 square miles, while the American state has 158,000.

Harvard was established in 1638, Yale in 1702, Brown university in 1761.

Some sailors can distinguish colors at sea, but not on land.

VAGARIES.

Burglar—"There goes a detective. Pick his pocket and bring me his knife." Pickpocket—"Wot d'ye want his knife for?" Burglar—"The next time I'm attacked, I'll defend myself with it, and then leave it behind for him to find when he's huntin' fer crows."—New York Weekly.

Lover—"You are getting prettier every day." Sweet Girl—"Just now I'm living on brown bread and water to improve my complexion." "How long can you keep that up?" Oh, indefinitely. "Then let's get married."—New York Weekly.

A Fictionist—"What are you writing, Hawley?" "A story. I'm going in for fiction." "Really? For a magazine?" "No. For my tailor. He wants his money, and I'm telling him I'll send him a check next week."—Harper's Bazar.

Mother—"My goodness! Are you at that candy again? I told you not to eat candy on an empty stomach." Little Pot—"I isn't. My tummy is full." "What of it?" "Tander."—Good News.

"I've got an idea that my boy will be President some day." "What makes you think so?" "Why, when he ain't fishin' he's shootin' ducks!"—Atlanta Constitution.

"John's a sufferin' so with his eyes," said Mrs. Spriggins, "that I think he'd oughter go to New York and consult one of them egotists about 'em."—Harper's Bazar.

She—Indeed, sir, I haven't reached the matrimonial bargain counter yet. He—You would be a bargain, my dear, on any counter.—Harper's Bazar.

Clara—He has proposed three or four times, and I don't know whether to accept him or not. Mama—I would. Suppose he should stop?—Judge.

"The editor is charming—one of the most retiring of men!" "Yes; they've been swearin' to shoot him on sight."—Atlanta Constitution.

DAILY HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

SATURDAY, Jan. 26.

Cultivate a loving manner. It is a sad thing to be disagreeable; to fold up in a napkin the social graces; to lose the key to the hearts of those about us.

BREAKFAST—Grapes: Veal chops. Baked potatoes. Orange marmalade. Graham muffins. Coffee.

DINNER—Fried fish. Mashed potatoes. Turnips. Corn bread. Tomato pickles. Pumpkin pie. Cheese.

SUPPER—Milk toast. Graham wafers. Apple sauce. Cake. Tea.

Macaroni With Cheese.

Break the macaroni in short pieces; cover with boiling water. When full and tender, drain off the water, adding fresh water and milk. Boil again, season with salt, butter and cheese, cut in thin slices. Put in baking dish, having the macaroni well covered with the milk and water. Bake an hour.

Fish should be wiped dry, well floured, and put to fry in hot fat, skin side down. Season generously and fry a rich brown quickly.

[Copyrighted.]

Eloped With His Stepdaughter.

SA FRANCISCO, CAL., Jan. 24.—John H. Harvey, who was formerly a waiter in a restaurant in this city, and has worked as cable conductor, eloped with his pretty seventeen-year-old stepdaughter, leaving his wife in destitute circumstances. Harvey married his wife at Santa Rosa in 1893. She was a

SHOES—ALEXANDER.

WHICH IS—

The Better Plan?

To hold on to everything until we have accumulated a great lot of odds and ends, and try to force you to buy something that is not up to date?

OR—

clean out all broken lots at the end of each season, at a price that cannot fail to interest anyone wanting shoes?

WE DO THE LATTER!

Benefiting our customers in two ways: First, by giving them unheard of prices on what odd things we have now, and secondly, by showing nothing at the beginning of the next season but new and desirable shapes. If you want shoes now, and we have your size, we will give you shoes from 1886 to 1894 that sold for \$1.25 to \$6.00. We'd like to have you see them, like to have you buy them. We'll give you chances on the Plan just the same as on regular goods.

Alexander  
1049 MAIN STREET.

WINTER GOODS—J. S. R. & CO.

TEMPTING PRICES ON

WINTER GOODS.

Ladies' Cloth Jackets and Capes

At Marked Down Prices.

Ladies' Fur Capes

At Marked Down Prices.

Children's Cloaks

At Marked Down Prices.

Eiderdown Quilts

At Marked Down Prices.

Special Sale of DRESS GOODS

will be continued. All grades at reduced rates.

See our Special Bargains on double width, All-Wool Dress Goods at

—35c, 39c and 43c.—

J. S. Rhodes & Co.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH MANUFACTURED.

\$4.95 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.

\$3.95 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

\$2.95 WORKINGMEN'S, EXTRA FINE.

\$2.17 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.

\$3.25 BEST DONGOLA, LADIES.

\$3.25 BEST DONGOLA, LADIES.

SENSE CATALOGUE, W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKLYN, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the

W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes

All our shoes are equally satisfactory

They give the best value for the money.

They equal custom shoes in style and fit.

Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.

The prices are uniform, stamped on sole.

From \$1 to \$3 saved over other makes.

If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by

H. T. Menckemeyer, 2131 Market Street.

J. T. Stone, 1042 Main street.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY, JANUARY 25.

"The success of a dramatic generation."—New York Herald.

MR. JAMES A. HERNE'S

Beautiful Play

SHORE ACRES.

Presented With Entire New Scenery. Original Mechanical Effects and Properties under the direction of HENRY C. MINER. Its record:

237 Nights in New York City.

111 Nights in Boston.

Reserved seats, \$1.00, 75c on first floor. Admission to balcony, 50c. Seats on sale at C. J. House's music store Wednesday, January 25, 1895.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY

evenings and WEDNESDAY MATINEE, January 28, 29, 30.

Bartholomew's Equine Paradox.

24 Accomplished and Educated Horses, who do everything but talk.

Night prices, 15, 25, 35 and 50c. Matinee prices, 10, 20 and 30c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHARLES Q. RAWLING,

CHEMIST.

Member American Chemical Society and American Institute Mining Engineers.

Laboratory, 1520 Market Street.

Natural and industrial products of every description analyzed. Microscopical and chemical examinations of food materials and water.

PIANO TUNING.

If you want your piano or organ

tuned or repaired in a skillful and

satisfactory manner, address

Ja2 F. W. BAUMER & CO.

H. S. SANDS,

Member American Institute of Electrical Engineers.

Electrical Engineer and Contractor,

PEARBY BUILDING, WHEELING.

Electric Light, Power, Railway, Mining and Steam Plants.

Dealer in Electrical Supplies. MR2-M-WP

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Glass Company will be held at their office on Saturday, February 2, 1895, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the election of directors and the transaction of any other business that may come before them. W. E. GOERING, Secretary.

ONLY THE BEST QUALITY OF STATIONERY, THE FINEST INK AND THE NEATEST TYPE are used in the Commercial Printing done by THE INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LOOK AT THIS!

Extra Quality Lima Beans!

—ONLY 8 CENTS A CAN.—

ALBERT STOLZE & CO.,

1117 Market Street.

BEE SWAX CANDLES,

FOR CANDLEMAS,

PUR THE CHURCH,

FOR THE PARISH.

EWING BROS.,

1215 Market Street.

JUST RECEIVED.

McMULLEN'S

White Label Bass Ale and Genuine Stout.

SCHAEFER & DREHORST,

Dealers in Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Wines, Brandy, Gins, etc., 1425 Main Street, Telephone 101.

Chocolat Menier

Is reliable goods. It defies all honest competition. A trial will satisfy you.

For sale by

C. V. HARDING & CO.,

1206 Market Street.

"VENO'S" REMEDIES.

—A Full Line.—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GOETZ'S PHARMACY,

Market and Twelfth Streets.

CHEESE.

New York Cream Cheese, Swiss Cheese, Emmentaler Cheese, Limburg Cheese, Foreigner Cheese, Club House Elam Cheese, San Diego Cheese at

H. F. BEHRENS,

2217 Market Street,

No Branch Stores.

TO LOAN

On Improved City Real Estate, sums from

\$1,000 to \$20,000.

SIMPSON & HAZLETT,

No. 1311 Market St.

List's

HONEY, TOLU & TAR

Cough Syrup

PLEASANT & EFFECTIVE.

\*10 AND 25c A BOTTLE.\*

Fine Art Calendars

—FOR 1895

AT HALF PRICE.

We have about twenty-five Duttons', Stokes', Marcus Ward's and other artistic Calendars to close out at 50 per cent discount. This reduces them to 20c, 3